# Discussion of D'Amico and Seida (2022) "Unexpected Supply Effects of Quantitative Easing and Tightening"

Min Wei Federal Reserve Board

September 2, 2022

#### 2022 Rikisbank Conference on "Evaluating the monetary-policy toolkit: lessons for the future"

The opinions expressed in this presentation are my own and do not reflect the views of the Board of Governors or its staff.

### Contribution of the paper

- Balance sheet policy (BSP) increasingly part of CB's standard toolkit
- However, many questions remain
  - Efficacy: financial market; macroeconomy
  - Channels: local supply; duration; signaling
  - State dependence: market conditions; QE vs QT
  - Persistence of effects
- Difficulties
  - Few observations
  - Market expectations
  - Concurrent shocks: CB information; FG
- Contributions of this paper
  - New methodology to estimate local supply effect
  - Try to address state dependence

### Summary of paper

- New measure of local supply effect; exploit kinks in event study responses of yields to BSP surprises
  - Select BSP events with kinks in yield responses
  - Construct supply surprises using pre- and post-event primary dealer surveys
  - Regress changes in slope of yield responses around kink on supply surprises around kink
- Explore state dependence of BSP
  - over time, across QE and QT, and across market conditions (volatility and market functioning)
- Findings:
  - Local supply effects explain large part of total effects in the literature
  - Effects for given surprises didn't diminish over time and is larger when market vol was above recent ranges.
- My comments
  - Very innovative idea!
  - Want to see more evidence that the identification works as intended

- Methodology similar to regression kink design
  - Examine induced kink in outcome variable (yield changes) due to kink in policy rule (supply surprises across maturities)
  - > Departure: kink identified from outcome variable rather than policy rule
- Two relevant assumptions:
  - A1: Kink in outcome variables coincide with kink in policy variable
  - A2: No other variables cause kinks in the outcome variable

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- BSP events without kinks (eg LSAP2): are there kinks in supply surprises?
- What drives the mismatch?
  - Paper refers to different degrees of market segmentation
  - Would be helpful to link to some market segmentation measures (eg yield curve fitting errors at different maturity sectors)

- A2: No other variables cause kinks in the outcome variable
  - 1. Kink effect in expected policy path
    - Signaling effect of QE/QT announcements

6/20/2012 MEP2: intraday Tsy yield changes

Other info in statement



1-day OIS changes

- 1. Kink effect in expected policy path
  - FG shocks could also cause a kink at intermediate horizons



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2. Kink effect in interest rate uncertainty



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2. Kink effect in interest rate uncertainty



- Kink on its own is not a sign of local supply effects
- Would be helpful to control for those other factors

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Empirical specification:

- Local supply surprise measure
  - Current measure: difference of supply surprises on two sides of kink
  - But: location of yield response kink should be at maximum local supply shock
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Theory/Motivation:

- ▶ King (2019): 1 demand shock, so effect will be increasing in maturities
- Extend to 2 shocks as in Vayanos-Vila (2021) to generate kinks/humps?

## Summary

- Innovative methodology
- Important question
- Suggestions
  - Tighten the link between kinks of yield response and of supply surprises
  - Control for other confounding factors

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