

Monetary policy decision

October 2018

KSBANK

SVERIGES RIKSBAN

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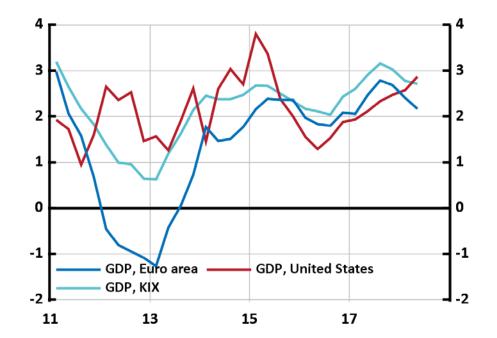


If inflation prospects hold up, it will soon be appropriate to raise the repo rate

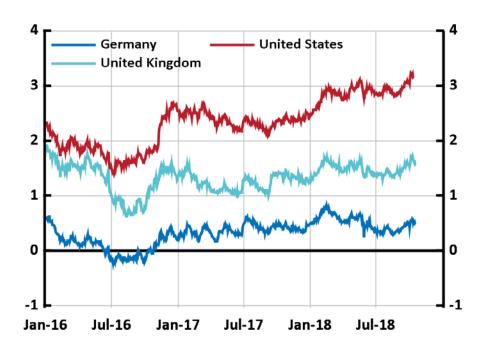


Favourable international economic activity with gradually rising interest rates

Good GDP growth



Rising government bond yields



Annual percentage change and per cent.

Zero coupon yields calculated from 10-year government bonds.

Sources: Bureau of Economic Analysis, Eurostat, national sources, the Office for National Statistics and the Riksbank

Increased uncertainty surrounding international prospects





Escalated trade conflict between the United States and China

Economic policy situation in Italy

Brexit

Unease in some emerging market economies

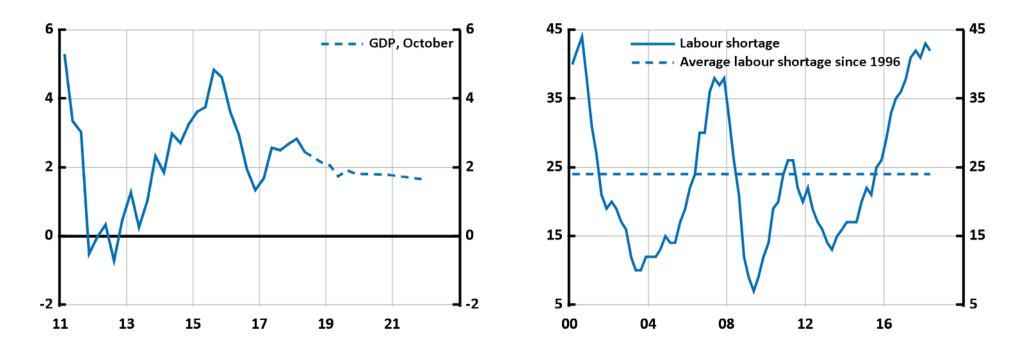




Strong Swedish economic activity

Calmer GDP growth

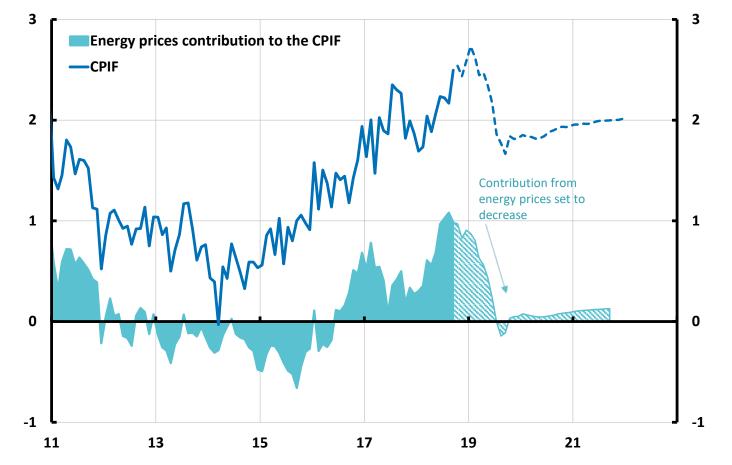
But continued high pressure on the labour market



Sources: Statistics Sweden, the NIER and the Riksbank



Inflation on target, energy prices providing a boost



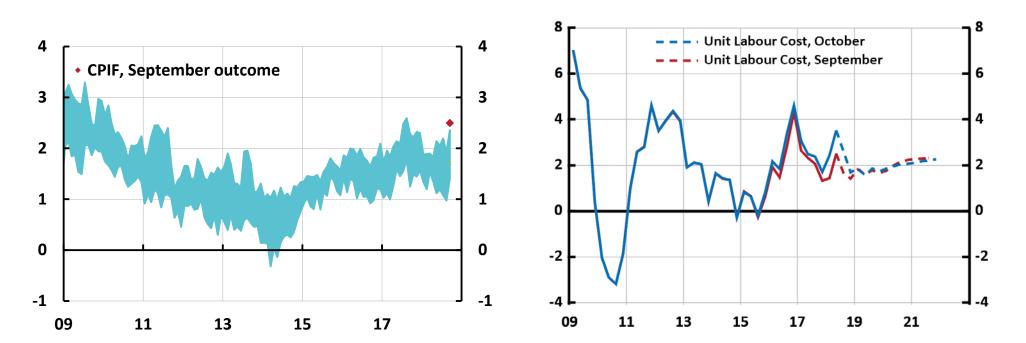
Annual percentage change and percentage points. The contribution of energy prices to the CPIF in the forecast is calculated as the annual percentage change in energy prices multiplied by their current weight in the CPIF. Sources: Statistics Sweden and the Riksbank



Moderate inflationary pressures



Signs of higher cost pressures



Annual percentage change.

Sources: Statistics Sweden and the Riksbank



Good conditions for inflation close to 2 per cent going forward

Continued good economic activity in Sweden

Rising cost pressures

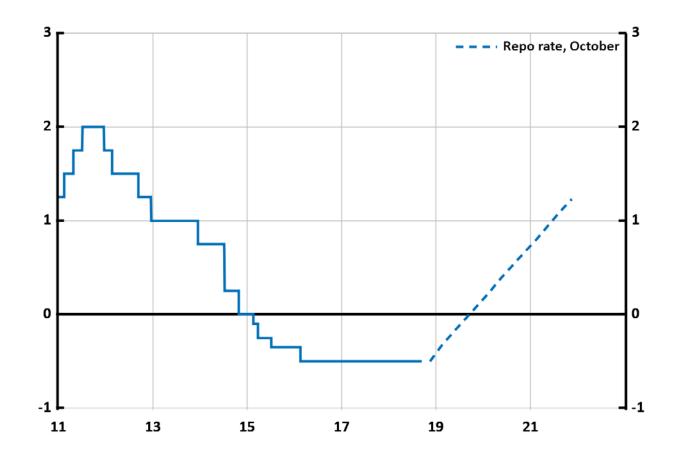
Gradually higher inflationary pressures abroad

Inflation expectations at 2 per cent

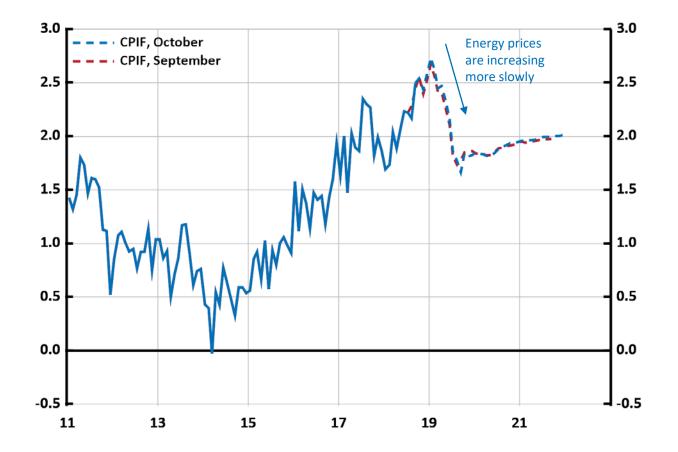




If inflation prospects hold up, it will soon be appropriate to slowly raise the repo rate



The inflation forecast is based on the repo rate being raised slowly in the period ahead



Annual percentage change.

Sources: Statistics Sweden and the Riksbank

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Monetary policy needs to proceed cautiously

Higher interest rates likely in the period ahead

Inflation has been low for a long period, need to be vigilant about inflationary pressures

Krona exchange rate continues to be important factor

Monetary policy is adjusted according to prospects for inflation





If inflation prospects hold up,

it will soon be appropriate to raise the repo rate

