

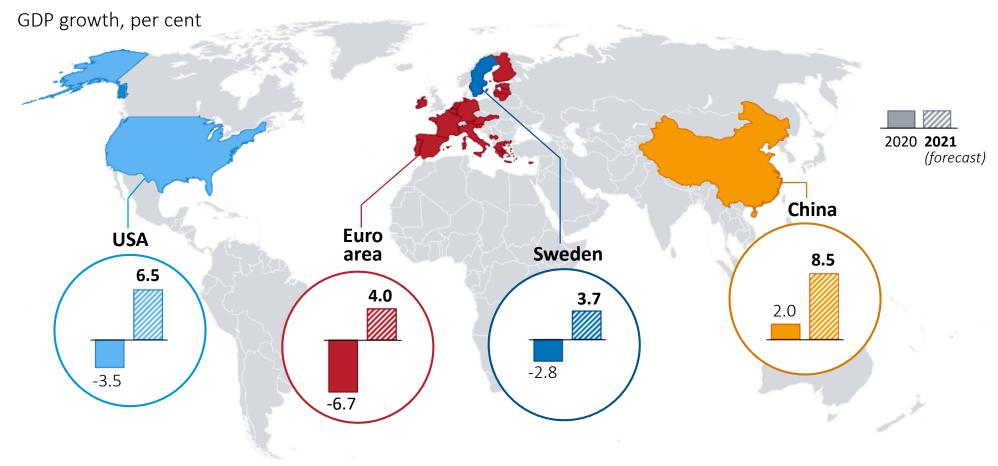




Monetary policy continuing to support the recovery and inflation

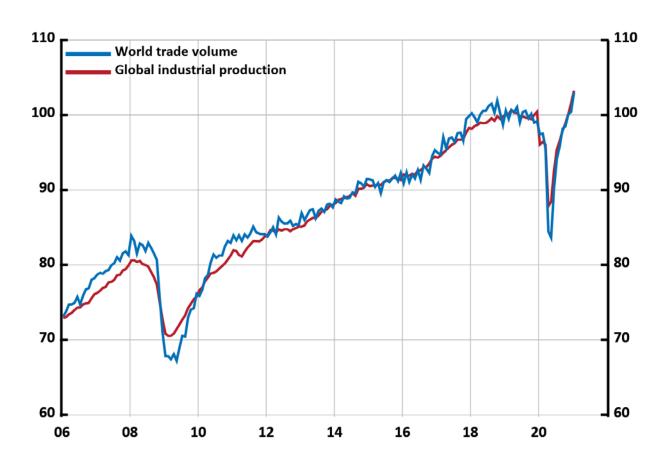


Significant differences between countries



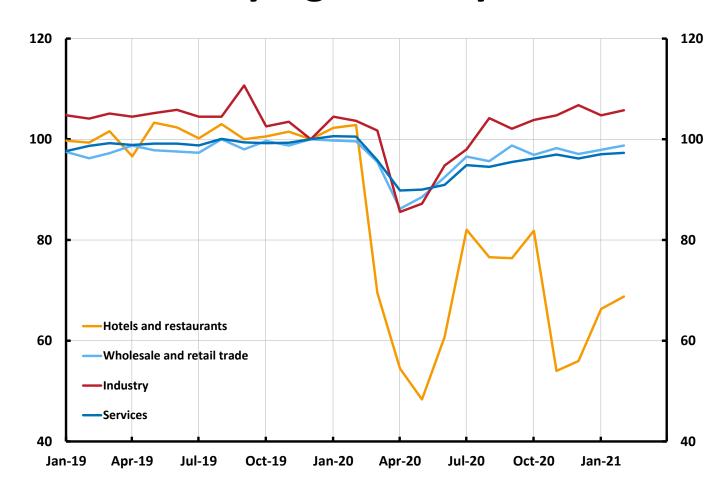


World trade has recovered rapidly





Situation still worrying in many service sectors

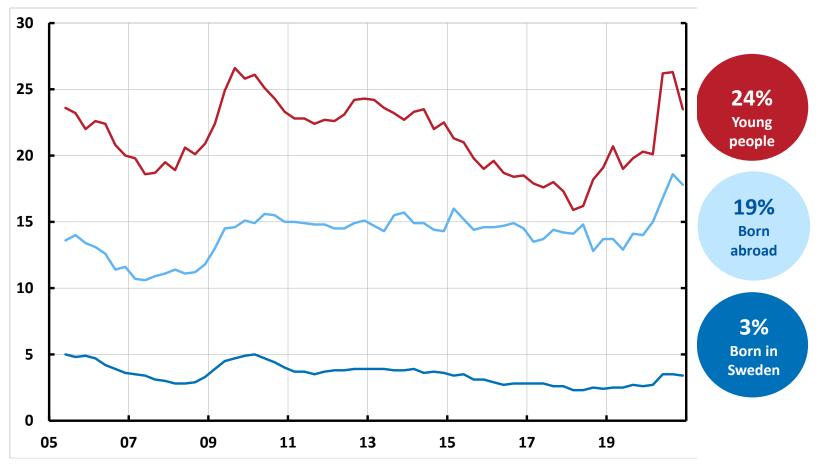


Production value index, December 2019 = 100, seasonally-adjusted data

Source: Statistics Sweden







Unemployment, percentage of the labour force, seasonally-adjusted data. Young people refers to unemployed aged 15-24 years. Those born in Sweden and abroad refer to ages 25-54 years.

Source: Statistics Sweden



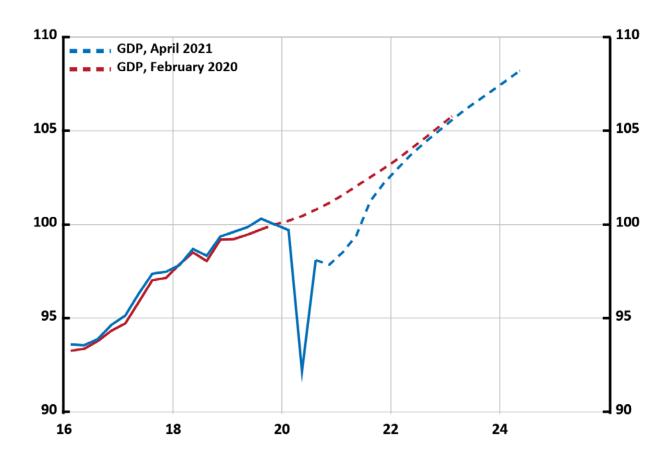
Development of pandemic important

- Substantial spread of infection in the spring
- Vaccinations are under way and appear effective
- Continued uncertainty regarding pandemic
- The restrictions are not expected to be eased until the second half of the year



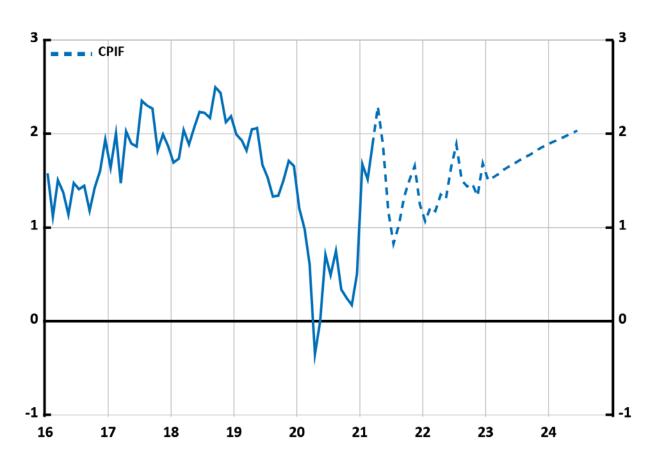


Recovery with aid of extensive support









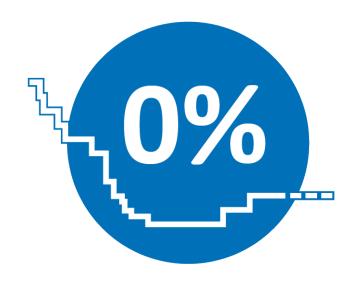
Monetary policy supporting recovery and inflation



Asset purchases

140 120 100 80 60 40 20 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 2019 2020 2021

Zero repo rate in the years ahead



Solid bars are decided and implemented purchases of government, municipal, covered and corporate bonds and treasury bills. Shaded bars illustrate an even purchase pace for the remainder of 2021.

Source: The Riksbank



Continued support from economic policy

- Recovery on the way, but inflationary pressures still low
- The pandemic is not over
- Clear risks if the support is reduced too soon.
- The recovery presupposes continued fiscal policy support





Monetary policy spring 2021



Brighter prospects after heavy falls in 2020



Vaccinations under way, but pandemic still creating uncertainty



Monetary policy supporting recovery and inflation