

Monetary policy for inflation more permanently close to the target

September 2021

Increasing numbers of vaccinated, large differences between countries



Percentage of total population, all ages, that has had at least one dose of vaccine.

Source: Our World in Data.



Rapid growth as economies open up



Index , 2019 Q4 = 100, seasonally adjusted data.

Sources: Eurostat, national sources, Statistics Sweden, U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis and the Riksbank.



Rapid recovery has created bottlenecks

- Logistics problems and shortages of intermediate goods
- Industrial production is being obstructed
- Rapidly rising freight and commodity prices
- Supply is expected to adjust once demand stops increasing so rapidly





Temporarily high inflation in several countries



Annual percentage change. KIX is an aggregate of the countries that are important to Sweden's international trade.

Sources: Eurostat, national sources, Statistics Sweden, U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis and the Riksbank.



Swedish inflation will be over 2 per cent over the next year



However, underlying inflation signals moderate CPIF inflation in the longer term



Sources: Statistics Sweden and the Riksbank.



The labour market has started to recover

Labour shortage in an uneven recovery



Unemployment on high level



Percentage of companies reporting a labour shortage, per cent and per cent of labour force respectively. The vertical line marks the date for the overhaul of the LFS (the labour force survey).

Sources: The National Institute of Economic Research, Swedish Public Employment Service, Statistics Sweden and the Riksbank.

Expansionary monetary policy brings inflation close to the target



Repo rate at zero per cent



Large holdings of securities





Crisis facilities to be concluded

- Programme for corporate lending via banks
- Offer of loans in USD
- Lending in SEK for 3 and 6 months, respectively
- Eased collateral requirements

Measures for guaranteeing access to liquidity



Monetary policy needs to be sustained



Strong recovery in the Swedish economy



Temporarily high inflation

Expansionary monetary policy brings inflation more permanently close to the target