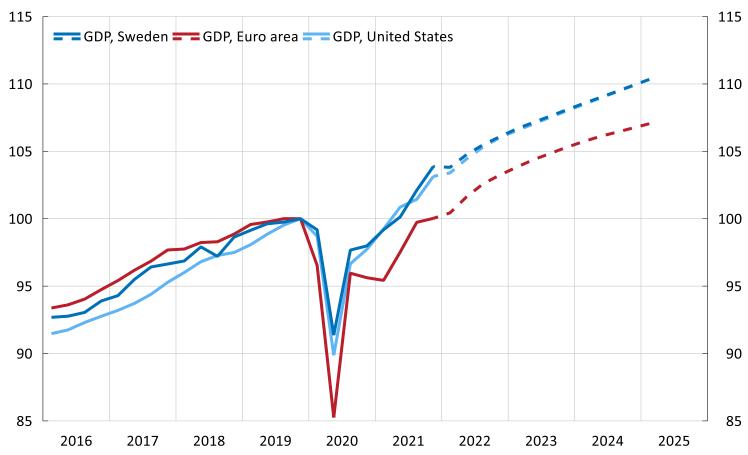


Inflation on target with support from monetary policy

February 2022

SVERIGES RIKSBANK

Good prospects in global economy



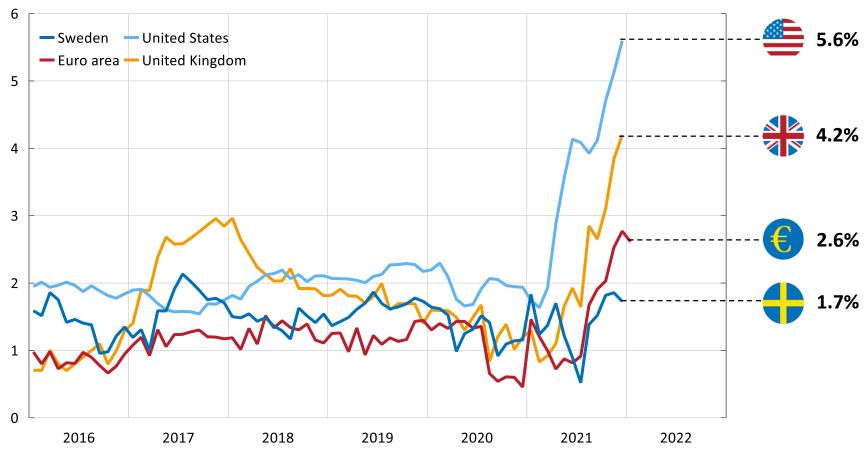
Index 2019 Q4 = 100, seasonally adjusted data.

Sources: Eurostat, Statistics Sweden, U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis and the Riksbank.





Large differences in underlying inflation



Annual percentage change, monthly data. Sweden: CPIF excl.

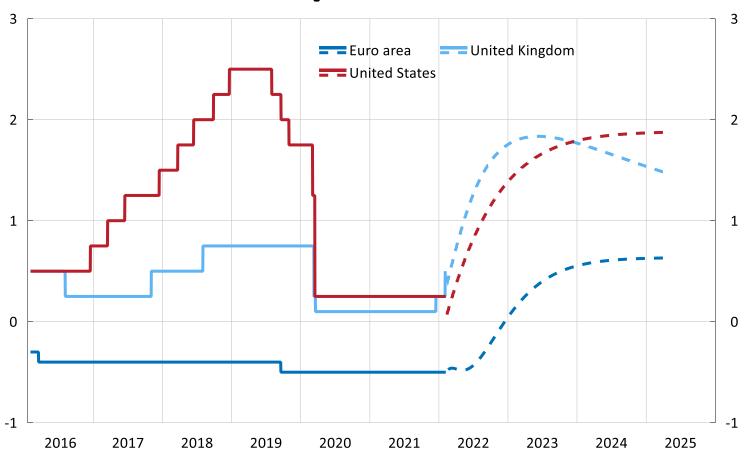
energy, Euro area: HICP excl. energy, United States: CPI excl. energy,

United Kingdom: CPI excl. energy.

Sources: Eurostat, Statistics Sweden, U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, the ONS.





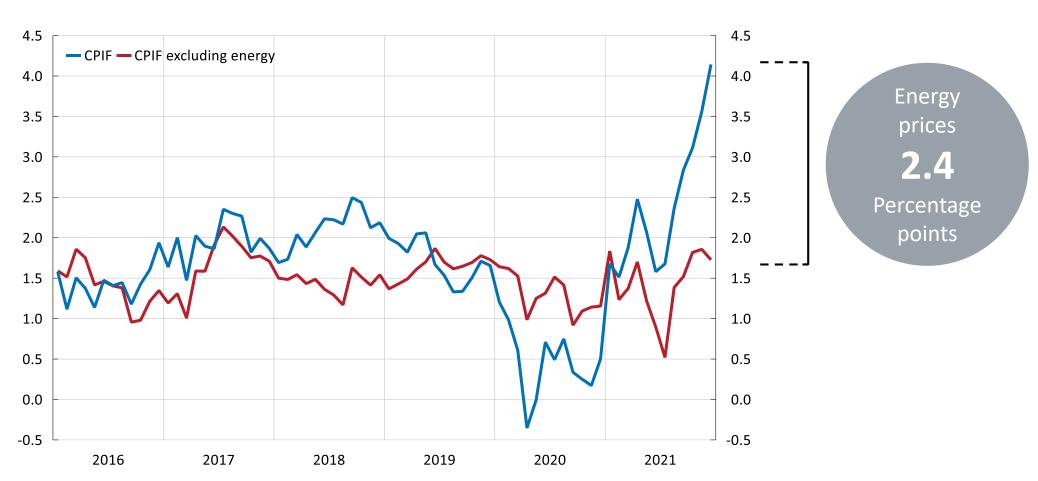


Per cent. Solid lines show policy rates and broken lines refer to market-based expectations of the overnight rate according to forward rates.

Sources: Macrobond and the Riksbank.



Energy prices pull up Swedish inflation



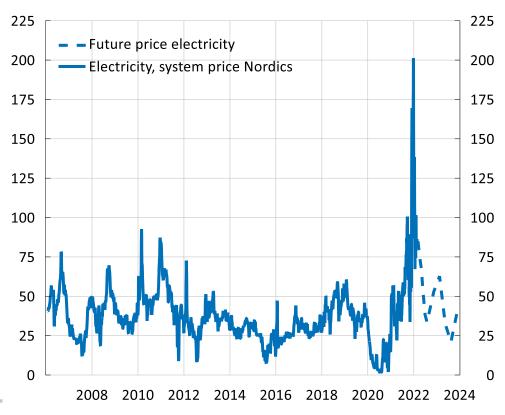
Annual percentage change.

Source: Statistics Sweden.



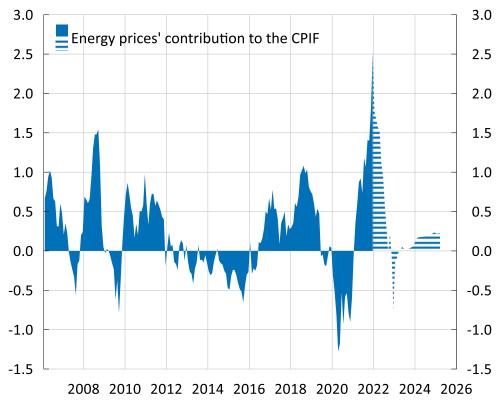
Energy prices not rising as rapidly going forward

Electricity prices expected to fall back in spring



EUR/MWh and percentage points respectively.

Contribution to the CPIF will diminish



Sources: Nord Pool, Statistics Sweden and the Riksbank.



Higher inflation forecast

- Direct and indirect effects of high energy prices
- Price changes linked to the pandemic

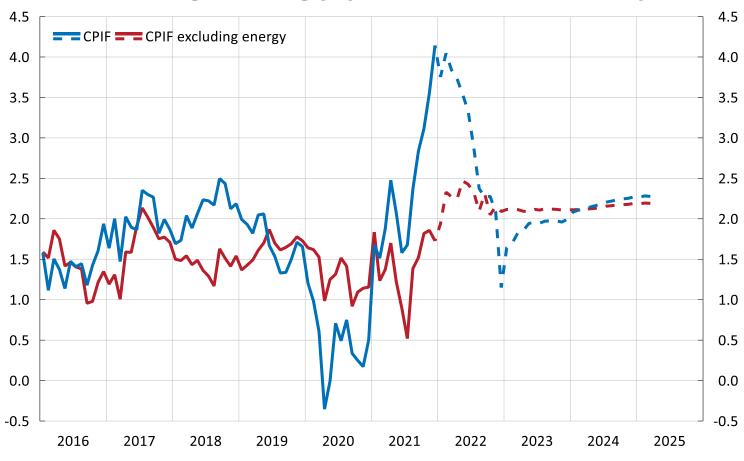
Effects that will subside in 2023-2024

Moderate wage increases and inflation expectations close to 2 per cent indicate that inflation will not be permanently high.





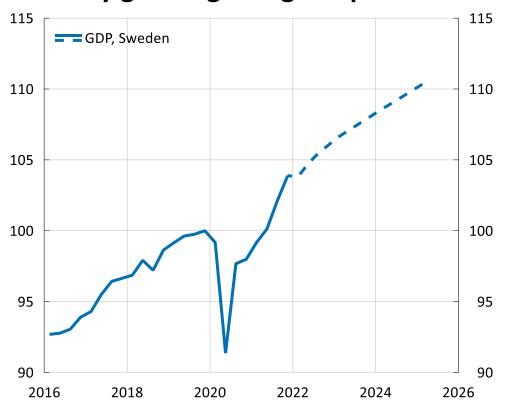
CPIF inflation will fluctuate substantially this year too, inflation excluding energy prices close to 2 per cent



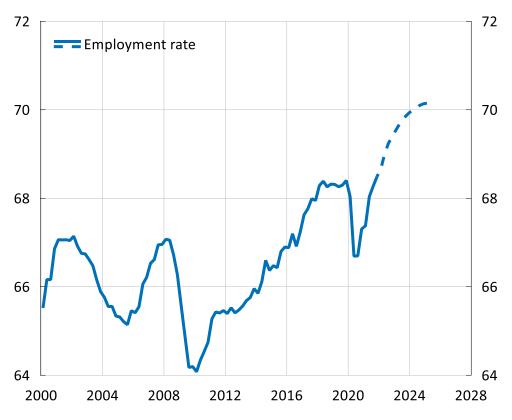


Brighter prospects in Swedish economy

Economy growing at a good pace



Increasingly strong labour market



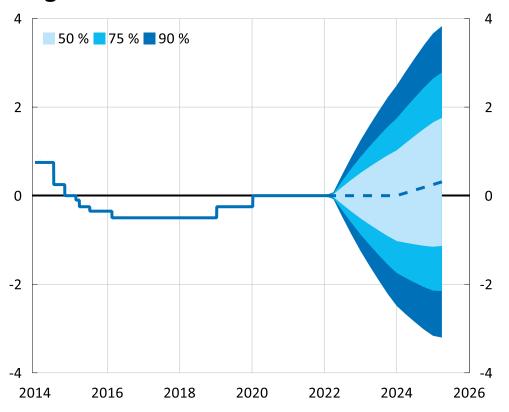
Index 2019 Q4=100 and per cent of the population 15-74 years respectively.

Sources: Statistics Sweden and the Riksbank.

Inflation on target with support from monetary policy

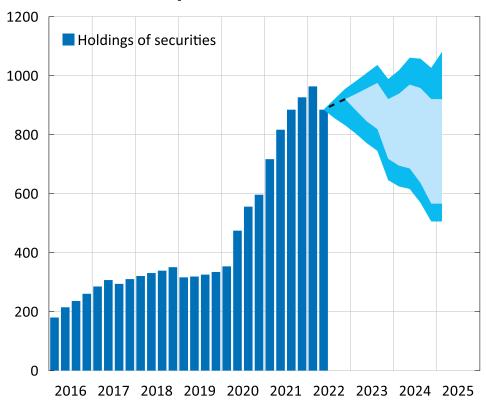


Interest rate to remain at zero for a while longer



Per cent and nominal amounts (SEK billion), respectively.

Net purchases concluded at turn of year, purchases to compensate for maturities



Source: The Riksbank.

Despite higher inflation, repo rate needs to remain low

- The risk that inflation will be too low has declined, but still remains
- Slight risk that inflation will be significantly and lastingly higher than 2 per cent
- But the path of inflation is uncertain

We regularly assess how lasting the higher inflation is and adapt monetary policy if necessary.





Inflation on target with support from monetary policy

February 2022

SVERIGES RIKSBANK